

# LVX12/FVX12/FVX15 Integration Guide

## 1 Subwoofer Placement

We recommend first trying either a corner near the front speakers, or in the middle of the front wall between them. Typically the corners have greater output whilst the midwall position often has a smoother frequency response.

## 2 One port vs two ports

Two-port configuration gives maximum output between 20hz and 40hz while one port configuration gives better extension and transient response. Note the extension setting needs to match the number of ports being used.

## 3 Recommended initial setup using an AVR

In the AVR menu, make sure the front speakers are set to “small” and the crossover frequency is set to 80hz. Select the subwoofer mode, such that the bass is only played back from subwoofer, not “subwoofer + front speakers.” Next, make sure the distance settings of the speakers and subwoofer are correct in terms of their relative distances.

## Recommended plate amplifier settings

(from top to bottom, left to right)

1. **Input:** LFE (higher bandwidth) or LINE-IN
2. **PEQ Gain:** 0db
3. **Bandwidth:** middle position
4. **Frequency:** middle position (40 Hz)
5. **PEQ:** OFF
6. **Volume:** middle position (12 o'clock)
7. **Delay/phase:** 0
8. **Crossover:** max
9. **LPF slope:** 12db
10. **Extension:** For 1port mode (plugging one port only), 1P-HT for full bodied HT sound and 1P-Music for articulate sound. For 2 port mode, the switch position has to be at 2P.

## 4 Recommended initial two-channel setup without AVR or pre-processor

This amplifier does not have HPF output. This means that the front speakers will run full range. The following setting also assume the subwoofer is placed at a distance to the listener similar to those of the front speakers so no additional delay time adjustment is needed.

## Recommended plate amplifier settings

(from left to right)

1. **Input:** LINE-IN
2. **PEQ Gain:** 0db
3. **Bandwidth:** middle position
4. **Frequency:** middle position (40 Hz)
5. **PEQ:** OFF
6. **Volume:** middle position (12 o'clock)
7. **Delay/phase:** 1 o'clock – sealed speakers, 10 o'clock for ported front speakers.
8. **Crossover:** Set Crossover knob to match natural bass extension of the front speakers.
9. **LPF slope:** 24db
10. **Extension:** For 1-port mode (plugging one port only), 1P-HT for full bodied HT sound and 1P-Music for articulate sound. For 2-port mode (both ports open), the switch position has to be at 2P.

## 5. Recommended room EQ setup procedure

### 5.1 Rumble filter/Extension setting

We recommend the following settings when using a Room EQ program:

One port configuration

Extension: 1P-HT

RoomEQ has the capability to change the frequency response in the room. EQ can interfere with the damping settings as damping relates to the time domain performance. As a result, it is recommended to set up EQ with the maximum possible extension. After EQ has been set up, one can then adjust the bass extension for the best compromise between output and sound quality.

### 5.2 Volume knob settings

We recommend setting the volume so that the RoomEQ system is not using greater boost or trim than necessary. If the boost or trim is greater than 6 dB, then volume adjustment is recommended.

### 5.3 Subwoofer distance determined by the room EQ system

All room EQ programs need to measure the subwoofer distance. If the distance reported back from room EQ program is very different from the physical distance, it is an indication that the noise level due to reflection or other factors has obscured the ability to accurately measure the distance. It is best to either re-run room EQ with a slightly higher volume setting or to move the subwoofer location so that the room EQ program can achieve a more accurate distance measurement.